## BACK IN TIME TO ANCIENT BRITAIN | YEAR 3 | SPRING 2020

TIMELINE		
13,000 BC	People make cave paintings.	
4,500 - 3,500 BC	Farming starts and begins to spread. The first pottery is made and used.	
4,000 - 3,000 BC	People start to ride and use horses.	
2,500 BC	Metal starts to be used.	
1,800 BC	The first copper mines are dug.	
1,200 - 800 BC	Metal tools are made and used. Tribal kingdoms and Celtic culture begin.	
800 - 700 BC	The first hill forts are made.	
700 - 500 BC	Iron is used a lot more than before.	
100 BC	Coins are made and used for the first time.	
AD43	The Romans invade Britain - Iron Age ends.	

## **PROGRESSION MAP OBJECTIVES**

Geography	I can name and locate the counties and cities of the United Kingdom.
	I can study geographical regions of counties and cities in the United Kingdom and their identifying human and physical characteristics linked to the area I am studying.
	I can study the settlements and land use of the key places that I study.
	I can use fieldwork to observe, measure and record human and physical features in the local area.
History ৵ ∜ ≉ ¥	I can appreciate that the early Brits would not have communicated as we do or have eaten as we do.
	I can begin to picture what life would have been like for the early settlers.
	I can suggest why certain events hap- pened as they did in history.
	I can research a specific event from the past to then write about this.
Art	I can use my sketches to produce a final piece of work.
D.T	I can design, make and evaluate a stone age shelter.
Computing	I can use some software to create / as- semble digital content for clear purpose.

## **BIG QUESTIONS**

Who were the first people in Britain?

Were Ancient Britons different from modern British people?

Where was the best place to build an Iron Age settlement?

What happened to settlements like Skara Brae over time?

## **IMPORTANT PLACES**

Skara Brae	A large stone-built Neolithic settlement on the Bay of Skaill on the west coast of mainland Orkney, Scotland.		
Windmill Hill	Large quantities of animal bones were found here indicating feasting, animal trading or rituals.		
Stonehenge	A huge man-made circle of standing stones built by our ancestors over many hundreds of years. It's one of the world's most famous prehistoric monuments.		
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Maiden Castle	Located in Dorset, one of the biggest hillforts in Europe.		
IMPORTANT PEOPLE			
HITTITES	People who lived during the Bronze Age.		
CELTS	The many powerful tribes of people living during the Iron Age.		
VOCABULARY			
Prehistoric	A time before written records existed.		
Stone Age	Considered to have begun about two million years ago. To survive early men invented stone and bone weapons and tools.		
Bronze Age	When people learnt how to mine copper and tin to make bronze weapons.		
Iron Age	Followed the Bronze Age. This was the time when people made tools of iron. They were stronger and more powerful than bronze tools.		

**Settlement** A place where a small community of people live.